

SWOBD5

OBDII Premium Reader

USER MANUAL



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1. Safety Precautions and Warnings

To prevent personal injury or damage to vehicles and/or the scan tool, read this instruction manual first and observe the following safety precautions at a minimum whenever working on a vehicle:

- Always perform automotive testing in a safe environment.
- Wear safety eye protection that meets ANSI standards.
- Keep clothing, hair, hands, tools, test equipment, etc.. away from all moving or hot engine parts.
- Operate the vehicle in a well ventilated work area: Exhaust gases are poisonous.
- Put blocks in front of the drive wheels and never leave the vehicle unattended while running tests.
- Use extreme caution when working around the ignition coil, distributor cap, ignition wires and spark plugs. These components create hazardous voltages when the engine is running.
- Put the transmission in PARK (for automatic transmission) or NEUTRAL (for manual transmission) and make sure the parking brake is engaged.
- Keep a fire extinguisher suitable for petrol/chemical/electrical fires nearby.
- Don't connect or disconnect any test equipment while the ignition is on or the engine is running.
- Keep the scan tool dry clean, free from oil/water or grease. Use a mild detergent on a clean cloth to clean the outside of the scan tool, when necessary.

2. General Information

2.1 On-Board Diagnostics (OBD)II

This second generation of On-Board Diagnostic regulations is called" OBD II". The OBD II system is designed to monitor emission control systems and key engine components by performing either continuous or periodic tests of specific components and vehicle conditions. When a problem is detected, the OBD II system turns on a warning lamp (MIL.) On the vehicle instrument panel to alert the driver typically by the phrase of "Check Engine" or "Service Engine Soon". The system will also store important information about the detected malfunction so that a technician can accurately find and fix the problem. Here below follow three pieces of such valuable information:

1) Whether the Malfunction Indicator Light (MIL) is commanded 'on' or 'off;

- 2) Which, if any, Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs) are stored;
- 3) Readiness Monitor status.

2.2 Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs)

OBD II Diagnostic Trouble Codes are codes that are stored by the on-board computer diagnostic system in response to a problem found in the vehicle. These codes identify a particular problem area and are intended to provide you with a guide as to where a fault might be occurring within a vehicle.

OBD II Diagnostic Trouble Codes consist of a five-digit alphanumeric code, The first character, a letter, identifies which control system sets the code, The other four characters, all numbers, provide additional information on where the DTC originated and the operating conditions that caused it to set, Here below is an example to illustrate the structure of the digits:



2.3 Location of the Data Link Connector (DLC)

The DLC (Data Link Connector or Diagnostic Link Connector) is the standardized 16-cavity connector where diagnostic scan tools interface with the vehicle's on-board computer. The DLC is usually located 12 inches from the center of the instrument panel (dash), under or around the driver's side for most vehicles, IF Data Link Connector is not located under dashboard, a label should be there telling location, For some Asian and European vehicles, the DLC is located behind the ashtray and the ashtray must be removed to access the connect If the DLC cannot be found, refer to the vehicle's service



2.4 OBDII Readiness Monitors

An important part of a vehicle' s OBD II system is the Readiness Monitors, which are indicators used to find out if all of the emissions components have been evaluated by the OBD II system. They run periodic tests on specific systems and components to ensure that they are performing within allowable limits.

Currently, there are eleven OBD II Readiness Monitors (or I/M Monitors) . Not all monitors are supported by all vehicles and the exact number of monitors in any vehicle depends on the motor vehicle manufacturer s emissions control strategy.

Continuous Monitors - Some of the vehicle components or systems are continuously tested by the vehicle's OBD II system, while others are tested only under specific vehicle operating conditions. The continuously monitored components listed below are always ready:

- 1) Misfire
- 2) Fuel System
- 3) Comprehensive Components (CCM)

Once the vehicle is running, the OBD II system is continuously checking the above components, monitoring key engine sensors, watching for engine misfire, and monitoring fuel demands.

Non-Continuous Monitors - Unlike the continuous monitors, many emissions and engine system components require the vehicle to be operated under specific conditions before the monitor is ready. These monitors are termed non-continuous monitors and are listed below:

- 1) EGR System
- 2) 02 Sensors
- 3) Catalyst
- 4) Evaporative System
- 5) 02 Sensor Heater
- 6) Secondary air
- 7) Heated Catalyst
- 8) A/C system

2.5 OBDII Monitor Readiness Status

OBDII systems must indicate whether or not the vehicle's PCMs monitor system has completed testing on each component. Components that have been tested will be reported as "Ready" or "Complete" meaning they have been tested by the OBD II system. The purpose of recording readiness status is to allow inspectors to determine if the vehicle's OBD II system has tested all the components and/or systems.

The power train control module (PCM) sets a monitor to "Ready" or "Complete" after an appropriate drive cycle has been performed. The drive cycle that enables a monitor and sets readiness codes to "Ready" varies for each individual monitor. Once a monitor is set as "Ready" or "Complete" it will remain in this state. A number of factors, including erasing of diagnostic trouble codes (DTCs) with a scan tool, can result in Readiness Monitors being set to "Not Ready". Since the three continuous monitors are constantly evaluating, they will be reported as "Ready" all of the time. If testing of a particular supported non-continuous monitor has not been completed, the monitor status will be reported as "Not Complete" or "Not Ready"

In order for the OBD monitor system to become ready, the vehicle should be driven under a variety of normal operating conditions. These operating conditions may include a mix of highway driving and stop and go, city type driving, and at least one overnight—off period, For specific information on getting your vehicle's OBD monitor system ready, please consult

2.6 OBD II Definitions

Power train Control Module (PCM) - OBD II terminology for the on-board computer that controls engine and drive train.

Malfunction Indicator Light (MIL) - Malfunction Indicator Light (Service Engine Soon, Check Engine) is a term used for the light on the instrument panel. It is to alert the driver and/or the repair technician that there is a problem with one or more of vehicle's systems and may cause emissions to exceed federal standards. If the MIL illuminates with a steady light, it indicates that a problem has been detected and the vehicle should be serviced as soon as possible. Under certain conditions, the dashboard light will blink or flash. This indicates a severe problem and flashing is intended to discourage vehicle operation. The vehicle on board diagnostic system can not turn the MIL off until the necessary repairs are completed or the condition no longer exists.

Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC) - Diagnostic Trouble Codes that identify which section of the emission control system has malfunctioned.

Enabling Criteria - Also termed Enabling Conditions. They are the vehicle-specific events or conditions that must occur within the engine before the various monitors will set, or run. Some monitors require the vehicle to follow a prescribed "drive cycle" routine as part of the enabling criteria. Drive cycles vary among vehicles and for each monitor in any particular vehicle.

OBD II Drive Cycle - A specific mode of vehicle operation that provides conditions required to set all the readiness monitors applicable to the vehicle to the "ready" condition. The purpose of completing an OBD II drive cycle is to force the vehicle to run its on board diagnostics. Some form of a drive cycle needs to be performed after DTCs have been erased from the PCM's memory. Running through a vehicle's complete drive cycle will "set" the readiness monitors so that future faults can be detected. Drive cycles vary depending on the vehicle and the monitor that needs to be reset. For vehicle specific drive cycle, consult the vehicle's Owner's Manual

Freeze Frame Data - When an emissions related fault occurs, the OBD II system not only sets a code but also records a snapshot of the vehicle operating parameter to help in identifying the problem. This set of values is referred to as Freeze Frame Data and may include engine parameters such as engine RPM, vehicle speed, air flow, engine load, fuel pressure, fuel trim value, engine coolant, ignition timing advance, or closed loop status.



3.1 Tool Description

1) GREEN LED - Indicates that engine systems are running normally (The number of monitors on the vehicle which are active and performing their diagnostic testing is in the allowed limit, and no DTCs are present).

2) YELLOW LED - Indicates there is a possible problem. A "pending" DTC is present and/or some of the vehicle's emission monitors have not run their diagnostic testing

3) RED LED - Indicates there is a problem in one or more of the Vehicle's systems The red LED is also used to show that DTCs are present DTCs are shown on the Scan Tool's emission monitors have not run their diagnostic testing

4) ESC BUTTON - Returns to previous menu

5) ENTER BUTTON - Confirms a selection (or action) from a menu list

6) UP SCROLL BUTTON - Moves UP through menu and sub menu items in menu mode. When more than one screen of data is retrieved, moves UP through the current screen to next screens for additional data.

7) **DOWN SCROLL BUTTON** - Moves down through menu and sub menu items in menu mode. When more than one screen of data is retrieved, moves down through the current screen to next screens for additional data. It is also used as the language setup hot key when pressed.

8) OBD II CONNECTOR - Connects the scan tool to the vehicle's Data Link Connector (DLC).

3.2 Specifications

- 1) Display: Back lit, 128 x 64 pixel display with contrast adjustment
- 2) Operating Temperature: 0 to $60 \land (32 \text{ to } 140 \text{ F}^\circ)$
- 3) Storage Temperature: 20 to 701 (-4 to 158 F°)
- 4) External Power: 8.0 to 18.0 V power provided via vehicle battery
- 5) Dimensions: Length: 127mm(5.00") Width: 78mm(3.07") Height: 20mm(0.79")
- 6) NW: 0.23kg(0.501b), GW:0.31Kg(0.68 lb)

3.3 Accessories Included

- 1) User's Manual Instructions on tool operations
- 2) OBD2 cable Provides power to tool and communicates between tool and vehicle
- 3) Carry case A nylon case to store the scan tool when not in use.

3.4 Keyboard

No solvents such as alcohol are allowed to clean the keypad or display. Use a mild nonabrasive detergent and a soft cotton cloth. Do not soak the keypad as the keypad is not waterproof.

3.5 External Power

External power of the scan tool is provided via the vehicle Data Link Connector (DLC). Just follow the steps below to turn on the scan tool;

- 1) Connect the OBDII Cable to scan tool.
- 2) Find DLC on vehicle.

A plastic DLC cover may be found for some vehicles and you need to remove it before plugging the OBDII cable.

3) Plug OBD II cable to the vehicle 's DLC.

3.6 DTC Lookup

1) From Main Menu, use UP/DOWN scroll button to select DTC Lookup and press ENTER button.



• The number "x/x" to the right indicates total number of items under this menu and sequence of highlighted item.

• The '?' to the right indicates help in formation available. Press HELP button to view help information for selected item..

2) From DTC Lookup menu, use DOWN button to move to the desired character, use UP button to change selected digit/ character and press ENTER button to confirm.



3) View the DTC definition on screen. When DTC definition covers more than one screen, use DOWN button to view additional information on previous/next screens.

- For manufacturer specific codes, you need to select a vehicle make on an additional screen to look for DTC definitions.
- If definition could not be found (SAE or Manufacturer Specific), the scan tool displays "DTC definition not found! Please refer to vehicle service manual!"
- 4) To view next or previous DTC in the built-in DTC library, use UP button.
- 5) To enter another DTC, press ESC button to return to previous screen.
- 6) To exit to Main Menu, press ESC button.
- 13

3.7 Product Setup

The scan tool allows you to make the following adjustments and settings:

- 1) Language: Selects the desired language.
- 2) Contrast adjustment: Adjusts the contrast of the LCD display.
- 3) Unit of measure: Sets the unit of measure to English or Metric.
- 4) Auto Power-OW: Sets automatic power-off Limits.
- 5) Beep Set: Tums on/off beep.
- 6) Tool self-test: Checks if the LCD display and keyboard are working normally.

Settings of the unit will remain until change to the existing settings is made.

To enter the setup menu mode

From the keyboard: Press ESC button to enter System Setup menu. Follow the instructions to make adjustments and settings as described in the following setup options.



From the Main Menu: Use the UP/DOWN scroll button to select System Setup, and press ENTER button. Follow the instructions to make adjustments and settings as described in the following setup options.



Language Setup

English is the default language.

1) From System Setup menu, use UP/ DOWN scroll button to select Language, and press ENTER button.

System Setup
1/6
Language
Contrast
Unit of Measure
Roop Sot
Tool Self-test

2) Use UP/DOWN scroll button to select the desired language and press ENTER button to save your selection and return to previous menu.

Language	
1/7	
English	
Français	
Español	
Deutsch	
Русский	
Dutch	
Portuguës	

Contrast Adjustment

1) From System Setup menu, use UP/ DOWN scroll button to select Contrast, and press ENTER button.



2) From Contrast menu, use UP/DOWN scroll button to increase or decrease contrast.

Contrast
(30%)
use ≜ or ↓ to change

3) Press ENTER button to save your

Unit of Measurement

Metric is the default measurement unit.

1) From System Setup menu, use UP/ DOWN scroll button to select Unit of Measure and press ENTER button.

System Setup	
	3/6
Language	
<u>Contrast</u>	
Unit of Measure	
Auto Power-off	
Beep Set	
Tool Self-test	

2) From Unit of Measure menu, use UP/ DOWN scroll button to select the desired unit of measurement.

Unit of Measure	
English	2/2
►Metric	

3) Press ENTER button to save your selection and return to previous menu.

Beep Set Default setting is beep on.

1) From System Setup menu, use UP/ DOWN scroll button to select Beep Set and press ENTER button.

5/6

2) From Beep Set menu, use UP/DOWN scroll button to select Beep ON or Beep OFF to turn on/off the beep.

Beep Set	
Beep ON ▶Beep OFF	2/2

3) Press ENTER button to save your selection and return to previous menu.

Tool Self-Test

A. Display Test

The display test function checks if the LCD display is working properly.

1) From system set up menu, use UP/ DOWN scroll button to select Tool Self-test and press ENTER button.



2) Select Display Test from Tool Self-test menu and press ENTER button.



3) Press ENTER button again to start test. Look for missing spots in the solid black characters.

4) When completed, press ESC button to return.

B. Keyboard Test

The Keyboard Test function verifies if the keys are functioning properly.

1) Use UP/DOWN scroll button to select Keyboard Test from the Tool Self-test menu, and then press ENTER button.



2) Press any key to start test. When you press a key, the key name should be observed on the display. If the key name does not show up, then the key is not functioning properly.



(If you press and hold the power switch, the key name does not show on the screen, but resets the scanner when powered by vehicle battery, If it does not restart the scanner or power off the scanner, the key is not working properly.)

3) Double press ESC to return to previous menu.

3.8 Tool Information

The Tool Information function allows viewing of some important information such as serial number and software version number of the scanner.

1) From Maim Menu, use UP/DOWN scroll button to select Tool Information and press ENTER button.

Main Menu
6/6
Diagnostics
DTC Lookup
Review Data
Print Data
System Setup
► Tool Information

2) View tool information on screen.

Тоо	l Information
Serial No :	1710806868
Burn Date:	05/02/2017
S/M Ver :	V2.0.8
H/W Ver :	V1.6.0
LIB Ver :	V2.7.0

3.9 Vehicle Coverage

The **STREETWIZE SWOBD5** OBDII/EOBD Scanner is specially designed to work with all OBD II compliant vehicles, including those equipped with the next-generation protocol ——Control Area Network (CAN).

A small number of 1994 and 1995 model year petrol vehicles are OBD II compliant. To verify if a 1994 or 1995 vehicle is OBD II compliant, check the Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) Label which is located under the hood or by the radiator of most vehicles. If the vehicle is OBD II compliant, the label will designate "OBD II Certified"

For your vehicle to be OBD II compliant it must have a 16-pin DLC (Data Link Connector) under the dash and the Vehicle Emission Control Information Label must state that the vehicle is OBD II compliant.

3.9 Vehicle Coverage

Vehicle Linking Error

A communication error occurs if the scan tool fails to communicate with the vehicle' s ECU (Engine Control Unit). You need to do the following to check up:

- Verify that the ignition is ON;
- Check if the scan tool' s OBD II connector is securely connected to the vehicle' s DLC;
- Verify that the vehicle is OBD2 compliant;
- Turn the ignition off and wait for about 10 seconds. Turn the ignition back to on and continue the testing.
- Verify the control module is not defective.

Operating Error

If the scan tool freezes, then an exception occurs or the vehicle's ECU (Engine Control Unit) is too slow to respond to requests. You need to do the following to reset the tool:

- Press and hold POWER button for at least 2 seconds to reset the scan tool.
- Turn the ignition off and wait for about 10 seconds. Turn the ignition back to on and continue the testing.

Scan tool doesn't power up

If the scan tool won't power up or operates incorrectly in any other way, you need to do the following to check up:

- Check if the scan tool's OBDII connector is securely connected to the vehicle's DLC;
- Check if the DLC pins are bent or broken. Clean the DLC pins if necessary.
- Check vehicle battery to make sure it is still good with at least 8.0 volts.

4. Review Data

The Review Data function allows viewing of data from last test recorded by the scan tool.

1) Use UP/DOWN scroll button to select Review Data from Main Menu, and press ENTER button



2) Use UP/DOWN scroll button to select the desired item from Review Data menu, and press ENTER

button.



If no data from previously tested vehicle is recorded, only Module Present data containing module ID and protocol type can be reviewed.



3) Review selected data on screen.



If there is no data stored for selected item, a "Not Supported or Stored No Data!" message shows on the screen.

5. OBDII Diagnostics

When more than one vehicle control module is detected by the scan tool, you will be prompted to select the module where the data may be retrieved. The most often to be selected are the Power train Control Module [PCM] and Transmission Control Module [TCM].

CAUTION: Don't connect or disconnect any test equipment with ignition on or engine running.

- 1) Turn the ignition off.
- 2) Locate the vehicle's 16-pin Data Link Connector (DLC).
- 3) Plug into the scan tool cable connector to the vehicle's DLC.
- 4) Turn the ignition on. Engine can be off or running.
- 5) Press ENTER button to enter Main Menu. Use UP/DOWN scroll button to select Diagnostics from the menu.



- 6) Press ENTER button to confirm A sequence of messages displaying the OBD2 protocols will be observed on the display until the vehicle protocol is detected.
- If the scan tool fails to communicate with the vehicle*s ECU (Engine Control Unit), a "LINKING ERROR!" message shows up on the display.
- Verify that the ignition is ON;
- Check if the scan tool 's OBD II connector is securely connected to the vehicle 's DLC;
- Verify that the vehicle is OBD2 compliant;
- Turn the ignition off and wait for about 10 seconds. Turn the ignition back to on and repeat the procedure from step 5.
- If the "LINKING ERROR" message does not go away, then there might be problems with communication between the scan tool and your vehicle. Contact technical support on the telephone number or email address at the back of the manual.

7) You will be prompted to erase previously stored data. Review previously stored data thoroughly before erasing.



If no data is stored in the scan tool, above prompt will not show up.

- 8) If you wish to erase the data, press ENTER button; if you do not want to erase the data, press ESC or use UP/DOWN button to select NO and press ENTER to continue.
- 9) View a summary of system status (MIL status, DTC counts, Monitor status) on screen, Wait a few seconds or press any key for Diagnostic Menu to come up.

System Stat	us
MIL Status	ON
Codes Found	6
Monitous N/A	3
Monitous OK	3
Monitous INC	5

If more than one module is detected, you will be prompted to select a module before testing.

Control Module
► Engine Module \$A4

Use UP/DOWN scroll button to select a module and press ENTER button.

5.1 Reading Codes

Reading Codes can be done with the key on engine off (KOEO) or with the key on engine running (KOER)

Stored Codes are also known as "hard codes" or "permanent codes". These codes cause the control module to illuminate the malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) when emission-related fault occurs.

Pending Codes are also referred to as "maturing codes" or "continuous monitor codes". They indicate problems that the control module has detected during the current or last driving cycle but are not considered serious yet. Pending Codes will not turn on the malfunction indicator lamp (MIL). If the fault does not occur within a certain number of warm-up cycles, the code clears from memory.

- 1) Use UP/DOWN scroll button to select Read Codes from Diagnostic Menu and press ENTER button.
- 2) Use UP/DOWN scroll button to select Stored Codes or Pending

Codes form the Trouble Codes menu and press ENTER button.



If there are no Diagnostic Trouble Codes present, the display indicates "No(pending) codes are stored in the module!" Wait a few seconds or press any key to return to Diagnostic Menu

3) View DTCs and their definitions on screen.



• The control module number, sequence of the DTCs, total number of codes detected and type of codes (Generic or Manufacturer specific) will be observed on the upper right hand corner of the display.

4) If more than one DTC is found, use UP/DOWN scroll button, as necessary, until all the codes have been shown up.

If retrieved DTCs contain any manufacturer specific or enhanced codes, a "Manufacturer specific codes are found! Press any key to select vehicle make!"message comes up prompting you to select vehicle manufacturer to view DTC definitions. Use UP/DOWN scroll button to select manufacturer and then press ENTER button to confirm.



If the manufacturer for your vehicle is not listed, use UP/DOWN scroll button to select Other and press ENTER button.

5.2 Erasing Codes

CAUTION: Erasing the Diagnostic Trouble Codes may allow the scan tool to delete not only the codes from the vehicle's on-board computer, but also Freeze Frame'' data and manufacturer specific enhanced data. Further, the I/M Readiness Monitor Status for all vehicle monitors is reset to Not Ready or Not Complete status. Do not erase the codes before the system has been checked completely by a technician.

This function is performed with key on engine off{KOEO}. Do not start the engine.

1) Use UP/DOWN scroll buttons to select Erase Codes from Diagnostics Menu and press ENTER button.



2) A warning message comes up asking for your confirmation.



If you do not want to proceed with erasing codes, press ESC button or use UP/DOWN scroll button to select NO to exit. A message of "Command Cancelled!" show ups. Wait a few seconds or press any key to return to Diagnostic Menu.

5.3 Live Data

Viewing Data

The View Data function allows viewing of live or real time PID data of vehicle's computer module(S).

1) To view live data, use UP/DOWN scroll button to select Live Data from Diagnostic Menu and press ENTER button.



2) Wait a few seconds while the scan tool validates the PID MAP.



3) Use UP/DOWN scroll button to select View Data from Live Data menu and press ENTER button.



Viewing Complete Data Set

4) To view complete set of data, use UP/DOWN scroll button to select Complete Data Set from View Data menu and press ENTER button.



5) View live PIDs on the screen. Use UP/DOWN scroll button for more PIDs if an UP or DOWN arrow appears on the screen.



- The number "x" to the right of the screen indicates sequence of highlighted item.
- If you want to view full name of the highlighted PID, press Help button.
- If the "G" icon appears when a PID is highlighted, it indicates graphic information is available. Press ENTER to view graph.



6) Press ESC button to return to previous menu.

Viewing Custom Data Set

7) To view customized PID data, use UP/DOWN scroll button to select Custom Data Set from View Data menu and press ENTER button.



8) Observe on-screen instructions.



9) Use UP/DOWN scroll button to move up and down. Selected parameters are marked with solid squares.

Custom Data S	et
	6/84
■ DTC_CNT	#01
🗆 DTCFRZF	
FUELSYS1	#02
FUELSYS2	#03
🗆 LOAD_PCT (%)	
► ETC(°F)	

- The number "x" to the upper right corner of the screen indicates sequence of highlighted item; and n#x" are the order that the parameters are selected and will be displayed.
- You are allowed to pick up a maximum of 18 PIDs, If the selected PIDs exceed 18, a "The selected data list is full!" message displays on the screen.
- The number "x" to the upper right corner of the screen indicates sequence of highlighted item; and n#x" are the order that the parameters are selected and will be displayed.
- You are allowed to pick up a maximum of 18 PIDs, If the selected PIDs exceed 18, a "The selected data list is full!" message displays on the screen.

10) Press ESC button to view selected PIDs on screen.



11) Use ESC button to return to View Data menu and/or return to Live Data menu.

Recording Data

The Record Data function allows recording vehicle modules' Parameter Identification (PID) data to help diagnose intermittent vehicle problems. A recording includes 5 frames of live data before trigger event and several frames after trigger event.

There are two trigger modes used to record data:

A. Manual Trigger - allows user to press ENTER button to start recording.

B. DTC Trigger - automatically records PID data when a fault that causes a DTC to set is detected by vehicle.

CAUTION: DO NOT try to drive and operate the scan tool at the same time! Always have another person operate the scan tool while driving

1) To record live data, use UP/DOWN scroll button to select Record Data from Live Data menu and press ENTER button.



2) To record complete set of live data, use UP/DOWN scroll button to select Complete Data Set from Record Data menu and press ENTER button.



3)Use UP/DOWN scroll button to select a trigger mode and press ENTER button.



4) Use UP/DOWN scroll button to select a memory location and press ENTER button.



- The asterisk (*) icon on the screen indicates that there is a previous recording in the memory location.
- If you select a location marked with an asterisk (*) icon, a message



If you wish to proceed with overwriting the old recording, press ENTER button.

If you do not wish to overwrite it use UP/DOWN button to select NO or press ESC button to pick another memory location.

5) Observe on-screen instructions

If Manual Trigger is selected, following screen shows:



If DTC Trigger is selected, following screen shows:



6) Wait for DTC to trigger recording or press ENTER to start recording

Drive until a DTC is detected when DTC trigger is selected, if no DTCs are detected, press ESC to exit recording.



The number 'x/x...' to the upper right corner of the screen indicates the maximum frames that can be recorded and the number of recorded frames.

7) The scan tool keeps recording PID data until user presses ESC button, selected memory location is full, or it completes recording. A message prompting to playback data shows on the screen.



If you wish to playback recorded data, press ESC button, if you do not wish to playback, press ESC button or use UP/DOWN button to select NO and press ENTER button to return to Record Data menu.



Recording Custom Data Set

8) To record customized data, use UP/DOWN scroll button to select Custom Data Set from Record Data menu and press ENTER button.



9) Observe on-screen instructions. Wait a few seconds or press any key to continue.



10) Use ENTER button select/deselect data parameters, Selected parameters are marked with solid squares. Press ESC button to confirm.



You are allowed to pick up a maximum of 18 PIDs. If the selected PIDs exceed 18, a "The selected data list is full!" message displays on the screen.

• A message comes up to ask for your confirmation.



• If you decide to deselect these items, press ENTER; if you decide not to, press ESC button, or use UP/DOWN button to select NO and press ENTER to continue PID selections.



11) Use UP/DOWN scroll button to select a trigger mode and press ENTER button



12) Use UP/DOWN scroll button to select a memory location and press ENTER button



- The asterisk (*) icon on the screen indicates that there is a previous recording in the memory location.
- If you select a location marked with an asterisk (*) icon, a message prompting to overwrite old recording is displayed.



• If you do not wish to proceed with overwriting old recording, press ENTER button; if you do not wish to overwrite it, press ESC button, or use UP/DOWN button to select NO and press ENTER to pick another memory location.

13) Observe on-screen instructions.

• If Manual Trigger is selected, following screen shows:



• If DTC Trigger is selected, following screen shows:



14) Wait for DTC to trigger recording or press ENTER to start recording.



15) The scan tool keep recording PID data until user presses ESC button, the selected memory location is full, or it completes recording, A message prompting to playback data shows on the screen.

Record	d Data
Record Done! Playback data?	
YES	NO

• If you wish to playback recorded data, press ENTER button; if you do not wish to playback, press ESC button, or use UP/DOWN button to select NO and press ENTER button to return to Record Data menu.



Playing Back Data

The Playback Data function allows viewing of previously stored PID data.

1) To playback recorded data, use UP/DOWN scroll button to select Playback Data from Live Data menu and press ENTER button.



• You are also allowed to playback recorded data immediately after recording.

2) Use UP/DOWN button to select the memory location marked with an asterisk (*) icon.



- If there is no recording in selected location, a message "Not Supported or Stored No Data" displays on the screen.
- For data stored in temporary cache, you do not have to select memory location.

3) Use UP/DOWN button to view recorded PIDs of each frame.

• Use ENTER to convert pages or rows.



- The number "x/x" to the upper right comer of the screen indicates total number of recorded frames and sequence of frame being displayed.
- Negative frames indicate data recorded prior to trigger event, and positive frames indicate data recorded after trigger event.
- 4) Use UP/DOWN button to view PIDs of next or previous frames.



5.4 Viewing Freeze Frame Data

1) To view freeze frame data, use UP/DOWN scroll button to select View Freeze Frame from Diagnostic Menu and press ENTER button.



2) Wait a few seconds while the scan tool validates the PID MAP.



3) If retrieved in formation covers more than open screen, then a down arrow will appear. Use DOWN scroll button, as necessary, until all the data have been shown up.



• If there is no freeze frame data available an advisory message "No freeze frame data stored!" shows on the display.

4) If you want to view full name of a PID, use UP/DOWN scroll button to select the PID, and press HELP button.



5) Wait a few seconds and press any button to return to previous screen

5.5 Retrieving I/M Readiness Status

I/M Readiness function is used to check the operations of the Emission System on OBD2 compliant vehicles. It is an excellent function to use prior to having a vehicle inspected for compliance to a state emissions program.

Some latest vehicle models may support two types of I/M Readiness tests:

A. DTCs Cleared - indicates status of the monitors since the DTCs are erased.

B. This Drive Cycle - indicates status of monitors since the beginning of the current drive cycle.

An I/M Readiness Status result of "NO" does not necessarily indicate that the vehicle being tested will fail the state I/M inspection. For some states, one or more such monitors may be allowed to be "Not Ready" to pass the emissions inspection.

• "OK" Indicates that a particular monitor being checked has completed its diagnostic testing.

• "INC" Indicates that a particular monitor being checked has not completed its diagnostic testing.

• "N/A" The monitor is not supported on that vehicle.

1)Use UP/DOWN scroll button to select I/M Readiness from Diagnostic Menu and press ENTER button.



2) If the vehicle supports both types of tests, then both types will be shown on the screen for selection.

I/M Readiness	
	1/2
This Drive Cycle	
,	

3) Use UP/DOWN scroll button, as necessary, to view the status of the MIL light ("ON" or "OFF") and the following monitors:

- Misfire monitor Misfire monitor
- Fuel System Mon Fuel System Monitor
- Comp.Component Comprehensive Components Monitor
- EGR EGR System Monitor
- Oxygen Sens Mon 02 Sensors Monitor
- · Catalyst Mon Catalyst Monitor
- EVAP System Mon Evaporative System Monitor
- Oxygen Sen htr 02 Sensor Heater Monitor
- Sec Air System Secondary Air Monitor
- Htd Catalyst Heated Catalyst Monitor
- A/C Refrig Mon A/C system Monitor

Since DTCs Cleared	
MIL Status Misfire Monitor Fuel System Mon Comp. Component Catalyst Mon Htd Catalyst	ON N/A N/A N/A N/A ↓

4) If the vehicle supports readiness test of "This Drive Cycle", a screen of the following displays:

This Drive Cyc	le
MIL Status	OFF
Misfire Monitor	N/A
Fuel System Mon	N/A
Comp. Component	OK
Catalyst Mon	N/A
Htd Catalyst	N/A 🖡

5) Press ESC button to return to Diagnostic Menu.

5.6 02 Monitor Test

OBDII require that relevant vehicles monitor and test the oxygen (02) sensors to identify problems related to fuel efficiency and vehicle emissions. These tests are not on-demand tests and they are done automatically when engine operating conditions are within specified limits. These test results are saved in the on-board computer's memory.

The 02 Monitor Test function allows retrieval and viewing of 02 sensor monitor test results for the most recently performed tests from the vehicle's on-board computer. The 02 Monitor Test function is not supported by vehicles which communicate using a controller area network (CAN), For 02 Monitor Test results of CAN-equipped vehicles, see chapter "On-Board Mon.Test ".

1) Use UP/DOWN scroll button to select 02 Monitor Test from Diagnostic Menu and press ENTER button.

2) Wait a few seconds while the scan tool validates the PID MAP.





3) Use UP/DOWN scroll button to select 02 sensor from 02 Monitor Test menu and press ENTER button.



• If the vehicle does not support the mode, an advisory message will be displayed on the screen.



4) View test results of selected 02 sensor.

02 Mo	n. B1S2
Rich	to lean 1/3
sens	sor(V)
MEAS:	6.9939(V)
MIN:	3.9352(V)
MAX:	4.8097(V)
STS:	Fail 🗍 🌲

5) Use UP/DOWN scroll button to view more screens of data if an UP or DOWN icon displays.

6) Press ESC button to return to the previous menus.

5.7 On-Board Monitor Test

The On-Board Monitor Test is useful after servicing of after erasing a vehicle's control module memory. The On-Board Monitor Test for non-CAN-equipped vehicles retrieves and displays test results for emission-related power train components and systems that are not continuously monitored. The On-Board Monitor Test for CAN-equipped vehicles retrieves and displays test results for emission-related power train components and systems that are not are not continuously monitored. Test and components IDs arc determined by the vehicle manufacturer.

1) Use UP/DOWN scroll button to select On-Board Mon. Test from Diagnostic Menu and press ENTER button.



2) Wait a few seconds while the scan tool validates the PID MAP.



3) From On-Board Mon. Test menu, use UP/DOWN scroll button to select a test to view and press ENTER button.



• If the vehicle under test does not support the mode, an advisory message will be displayed on the screen.



4) Use UP/DOWN scroll button to select the desired monitor from On-Board Mon. Test menu and press ENTER button.

5) View test data on screen.

Catelyst Mon. B1		
Lean to rich sensor(V)		
MEAS: MIN: MAX: STS:	6.0540 (V) 3.4071 (V) 4.1642 (V) Fail	

- For CAN-equipped vehicles, test results displayed can be as below:
- 6) Press ESC button to return to the previous menus.

5.8 Component Test

The Component Test function allows initiating a leak test for the vehicle's EVAP system. The scan tool itself does not perform the leak test, but commands the vehicle's on-board computer to start the test. Different vehicle manufacturers might have different criteria and methods for stopping the test once it has been started. Before starting the Component Test, refer to the vehicle service manual for instructions to stop the test.

1) Use UP/DOWN scroll button to select Component Test from Diagnostic Menu and press ENTER button.



2) From Component Test menu, use UP/DOWN scroll button to select the test to be initiated.



3) If the test has been initiated by the vehicle, a confirmation message will be displayed on the screen.



• Some vehicles do not allow scan tools to control vehicle systems or components. If the vehicle under test does not support the EVAP Leak Test, an advisory message is displayed on the screen.

4) Wait a few seconds or press any key to return to Diagnostic Menu.

5.9 Viewing Vehicle Information

The Vehicle Info, function enables retrieval of Vehicle Identification No. (VIN), Calibration ID(s), Calibration Verification Nos. (CVNs) and In-use Performance Tracking on 2000 and newer vehicles that support Mode 9.

1) Use UP/DOWN scroll button to select Vehicle Info, from the Diagnostic Menu and press ENTER button.



2) An advisory message comes up to remind you. Wait a few seconds or press any key to continue.



3) Wait a few seconds while the scan tool reads vehicle information.



• If the vehicle does not support this mode, a message shows on the display warning that the mode is not supported.

4) View retrieved vehicle information on screen.



5) Press ESC button to return previous menu

5.10 Modules Present

The Modules Present function allows viewing of the module IDs and communication protocols for OBD2 modules in the vehicle.

1) Use UP/DOWN scroll button to select Modules Present from Diagnostic Menu and press ENTER button.



2) View modules present with their IDs and communication protocols.



6. LED & Audio

1) GREEN LED - Indicates that engine systems are "OK" and operating normally (the number of Monitors supported by the vehicle which have run and performed their self-diagnostic testing is in the allowed limit. MIL is off). There are no stored and pending DTCs. The vehicle is ready for an Emissions Test, and there is a good possibility that it can be certified.

2) YELLOW LED - With MEL off, there may be three possible conditions to cause the yellow LED to light.

A. If a"Stored" Diagnostic Trouble Code is causing the Yellow LED to light, it is still possible that the vehicle will be allowed to be tested for emissions and certified.

B. If a "Pending" Diagnostic Trouble Code is causing the Yellow LED to light, it is still possible that the vehicle will be allowed to be tested for emissions and certified.

C. If the illumination of the Yellow LED is being caused by monitors that have not completed their diagnostic testing, then the issue of the vehicle being ready for an Emissions Test depends on the emissions regulations and laws of your local area.

NOTE: From the code retrieval procedure, determine the status of each monitor, take this information to an emissions professional to determine (based on your test results) if your vehicle is ready for an Emissions Test.

3) RED LED - Indicates there is a problem with one or more of the vehicle's system. A vehicle displaying a red LED is definitely not ready for an Emissions Test. Tie red LED is also vehicle's instrument panel will light steady. The problem that is causing the red LED to light must be repaired before an Emissions Test can be performed . It is also suggested that the vehicle be inspected/repaired before driving the vehicle further.

A. Repair the vehicle yourself. If you are going to perform the repairs yourself, proceed by reading the vehicle service manual and following all its procedures and recommendations.

B. Take the vehicle to a professional to have it serviced The problem(s) causing the red LED to light must be repaired before the vehicle is ready for is ready for an Emissions Test.

6.2 Audio Tone Interpretation

The audio tone is configured according to the I/M readiness Status. This function is invaluable when performing diagnostics and driving at the same time, or working in bright areas where LED illumination alone is not sufficient.

Different audio tone with different LED light indicates different $1\!/\!M$ Readiness Status.

LED light	Audio Tone	Beep Interval
Green LED	Two long beeps	5 seconds
Yellow LED	Short, long, short beep	5 seconds
Red LED	Four short beeps	5 seconds

After you have read the information, press ESC to exit. The other buttons are disabled to prevent misoperation.

7. Print Data

The Print Data function allows printing out diagnostic data recorded by the scan tool or customized test reports.

- To print out retrieved data, you need the following tools:
- 1. Scan tool
- 2. A PC or laptop with USB ports
- 3. A USB cable
- 1) Download the applications from our website: www.itoscanner.com
- 2) Connect the scanner to computer with the USB cable supplied.
- 3) Run uplink.exe in your computer.

4) Use the UP/DOWN scroll button to select Print Data from Main Menu in the scan tool, and press the OK button.

	Print Data
Print	All
Print	Data Stream
Print	Freeze Data
Print	DTC

5) Use the UP/DOWN scroll button to select the desired item to print from Print Data menu.

• To print all retrieved data, use the UP/DOWN scroll button to select Print All Data from Print Data menu.

6) Press the OK button to upload data to the computer.

7) In the uplink .exe Tool Kit, you can edit, delete, copy and print the data in the text box by selecting the by selecting the icons on the upper right of window.

NOTE: Data stored in a language different from current system settings of the scan tool will not be printable, please adjust language settings before printing. A reminder would pop up under such circumstances.

8. Update Mode

This function allows you to update the scan tool software and DTC library through a computer.

- To print out retrieved data, you need the following tools:
- 1. Scan tool
- 2. A computer with USB port
- 3. A USB cable

1) Downloading the applications from our website www.itoscanner.com:

2) Run uplink.exe in your computer (Mac OS not compatible)

3) Press and hold any button until the USB cable is connected with computer and Release it after the scan tool displays a message " Update Mode"

4) Open the uplink software, click "Check update" button, will download the upgrade file from internet then update to scan tool.

- 5) Wait for few minutes until update successful
- 6) Restart the scan tool to finish the whole update.



NOTE: When the wrong choice is made and the scan tool won't work properly yo may need to update the system. To force entry to update mode hold the left scroll button and power on the scan tool. Then follow the update procedure as normal

9. Appendix

PID Abbreviation	Full Name
DTC_CNT	DTC Stored Number
DTCFRZF	DTC
FUELSYS1	Fuel System 1 Status
FUELSYS2	Fuel System 2 Status
LOAD_PCT(%)	Calculated Load Value
ECT(°F)	Engine Coolant Temperature
ETC(°C)	Engine Coolant Temperature
SHRTFT1(%)	Short Term Fuel Trim–Bank1
SHRTFT3(%)	Short Term Fuel Trim–Bank3
LONGFT1(%)	Long Term Fuel Trim–Bank1
LONGFT3(%)	Long Term Fuel Trim–Bank3
SHRTFT2(%)	Short Term Fuel Trim–Bank2
SHRTFT4(%)	Short Term Fuel Trim–Bank4
LONGFT2(%)	Long Term Fuel Trim–Bank2
LONGFT4(%)	Long Term Fuel Trim–Bank4
FRP(kPa)	Fuel Rail Pressure(gauge)
FRP(psi)	Fuel Rail Pressure(gauge)
MAP(kPa)	Intake Manifold Absolut Pressure
MAP(inHg)	Intake Manifold Absolut Pressure
RPM(/min)	Engine RPM
VSS(km/h)	Vehicle Speed Sensor
VSS(mph)	Vehicle Speed Sensor
SPARKADV(\x82)	Ignition Timing Advance for #1
IAT(°F)	Intake Air Temperature
IAT(°C)	Intake Air Temperature
MAF(g/s)	Mass Air Flow Sensor
MAF(lb/min)	Mass Air Flow Sensor
TP(%)	Absolut Throttle Position

PID Abbreviation	Full Name
AIR_STAT	Commanded Secondary Air Status
O2SLOC	Location of O2 Sensors
O2B1S1(V)	O2 Sensor Output Voltage(B1S1)
SHRTFTB1S1(%)	Short Term Fuel Trim(B1S1)
O2B1S2(V)	O2 Sensor Output Voltage(B1S2)
SHRTFTB1S2(%)	Short Term Fuel Trim(B1S2)
O2B1S3(V)	O2 Sensor Output Voltage(B1S3)
SHRTFTB1S3 (%)	Short Term Fuel Trim(B1S3)
O2B1S4(V)	O2 Sensor Output Voltage(B1S4)
SHRTFTB1S4 (%)	Short Term Fuel Trim(B1S4)
O2B2S1(V)	O2 Sensor Output Voltage(B2S1)
SHRTFTB2S1 (%)	Short Term Fuel Trim(B2S1)
O2B2S2(V)	O2 Sensor Output Voltage(B2S2)
SHRTFTB21S2 (%)	Short Term Fuel Trim(B2S2)
O2B2S3(V)	O2 Sensor Output Voltage(B2S3)
SHRTFTB2S3 (%)	Short Term Fuel Trim(B2S3)
O2B2S4(V)	O2 Sensor Output Voltage(B2S4)
SHRTFTB21S4 (%)	Short Term Fuel Trim(B2S4)
O2B1S1(V)	O2 Sensor Output Voltage(B2S1)
SHRTFTB1S1(%)	Short Term Fuel Trim(B2S1)
O2B1S2(V)	O2 Sensor Output Voltage(B1S2)
SHRTFTB1S2(%)	Short Term Fuel Trim(B1S2)
O2B2S1(V)	O2 Sensor Output Voltage(B2S1)
SHRTFTB2S1(%)	Short Term Fuel Trim(B2S1)
O2B2S2(V)	O2 Sensor Output Voltage(B2S2)
SHRTFTB2S2(%)	Short Term Fuel Trim(B2S2)
O2B3S1(V)	O2 Sensor Output Voltage(B3S1)
SHRTFTB3S1(%)	Short Term Fuel Trim(B3S1)
O2B3S2(V)	O2 Sensor Output Voltage(B3S2)
SHRTFTB3S2(%)	Short Term Fuel Trim(B3S2)
O2B4S1(V)	O2 Sensor Output Voltage(B4S1)

SHRTFTB4S1(%)Short Term Fuel Trim(B4S1)02B4S2(V)02 Sensor Output Voltage(B4S2)SHRTFTB4S2(%)Short Term Fuel Trim(B4S2)0BDSUP0BD Require To Which Vehicle Designed02SLOCLocation of 02 SensorsRUNTM(sec)Time Since Engine StartMIL_DIST(km)Distance Travelled While MIL ActivatedMIL_DIST(mile)Distance Travelled While MIL ActivatedFRP(kpa)FuelRail Pres. Relative To Manifold VacuumFRP(PSI)FuelRail Press. Relative To Manifold VacuumFRP(PSI)Fuel Rail PressureEQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range 02S)(B1S1)02B1S1(V)02 Sensor Voltage(wide range 02S)(B1S2)02B1S2(V)02 Sensor Voltage(wide range 02S)(B1S3)02B1S3(V)02 Sensor Voltage(wide range 02S)(B1S3)02B1S4(V)02 Sensor Voltage(wide range 02S)(B1S4)02B1S4(V)02 Sensor Voltage(wide range 02S)(B1S4)02B1S4(V)02 Sensor Voltage(wide range 02S)(B1S4)02B1S4(V)02 Sensor Voltage(wide range 02S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB2S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range 02S)(B2S1)22B2S2(V)02 Sensor Voltage(wide range 02S)(B2S3)22B2S3(V)02 Sensor Voltage(wide range 02S)(B2S3)EQ_RATB2S4Equivalence Ratio(wide range 02S)(B2S3)EQ_RATB2S4Equivalence Ratio(wide range 02S)(B2S3)EQ_RATB2S4Equivalence Ratio(wide range 02S)(B2S3)22B2S3(V)02 Sensor Voltage(wide range 02S)(B2S3)22B2S4(V)02 Sensor Voltage(wide range 02S)(B2S4)02B1S1(V)02 Sensor Voltage(wide range 02S)(B2S4)02B	PID Abbreviation	Full Name
O2B4S2(V)O2 Sensor Output Voltage(B4S2)SHRTFTB4S2(%)Short Term Fuel Trim(B4S2)OBDSUPOBD Require To Which Vehicle DesignedO2SLOCLocation of O2 SensorsRUNTM(sec)Time Since Engine StartMIL_DIST(km)Distance Travelled While MIL ActivatedMIL_DIST(mile)Distance Travelled While MIL ActivatedFRP(kpa)FuelRail Pres. Relative To Manifold VacuumFRP(PSI)FuelRail PressureFRP(PSI)Fuel Rail PressureEQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sen	SHRTFTB4S1(%)	Short Term Fuel Trim(B4S1)
SHRTFTB4S2(%)Short Term Fuel Trim(B4S2)OBDSUPOBD Require To Which Vehicle DesignedO2SLOCLocation of O2 SensorsRUNTM(sec)Time Since Engine StartMIL_DIST(km)Distance Travelled While MIL ActivatedMIL_DIST(mile)Distance Travelled While MIL ActivatedFRP(kpa)FuelRail Pres. Relative To Manifold VacuumFRP(kpa)FuelRail Press. Relative To Manifold VacuumFRP(PSI)Fuel Rail PressureEQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3) </td <td>O2B4S2(V)</td> <td>O2 Sensor Output Voltage(B4S2)</td>	O2B4S2(V)	O2 Sensor Output Voltage(B4S2)
OBDSUPOBD Require To Which Vehicle DesignedO2SLOCLocation of O2 SensorsRUNTM(sec)Time Since Engine StartMIL_DIST(km)Distance Travelled While MIL ActivatedMIL_DIST(mile)Distance Travelled While MIL ActivatedFRP(kpa)FuelRail Pres. Relative To Manifold VacuumFRP(PSI)FuelRail PressureFRP(PSI)Fuel Rail PressureEQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B2S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)EQ_RATB2S3Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S2)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S	SHRTFTB4S2(%)	Short Term Fuel Trim(B4S2)
O2SLOCLocation of O2 SensorsRUNTM(sec)Time Since Engine StartMIL_DIST(km)Distance Travelled While MIL ActivatedMIL_DIST(mile)Distance Travelled While MIL ActivatedFRP(kpa)FuelRail Pres. Relative To Manifold VacuumFRP(PSI)FuelRail Press. Relative To Manifold VacuumFRP(kpa)Fuel Rail PressureEQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S	OBDSUP	OBD Require To Which Vehicle Designed
RUNTM(sec)Time Since Engine StartMIL_DIST(km)Distance Travelled While MIL ActivatedMIL_DIST(mile)Distance Travelled While MIL ActivatedFRP(kpa)FuelRail Pres. Relative To Manifold VacuumFRP(PSI)FuelRail Press. Relative To Manifold VacuumFRP(kpa)Fuel Rail PressureEQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)EQ_RATB1S4Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B2S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor V	O2SLOC	Location of O2 Sensors
MIL_DIST(km)Distance Travelled While MIL ActivatedMIL_DIST(mile)Distance Travelled While MIL ActivatedFRP(kpa)FuelRail Pres. Relative To Manifold VacuumFRP(PS1)FuelRail Pres. Relative To Manifold VacuumFRP(PS1)Fuel Rail PressureEQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S1)EQ_RATB1S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B2S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)<	RUNTM(sec)	Time Since Engine Start
MIL_DIST(mile)Distance Travelled While MIL ActivatedFRP(kpa)FuelRail Pres. Relative To Manifold VacuumFRP(PSI)FuelRail PressureFRP(kpa)Fuel Rail PressureFRP(PSI)Fuel Rail PressureEQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S1)EQ_RATB1S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)EQ_RATB1S4Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B2S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)<	MIL_DIST(km)	Distance Travelled While MIL Activated
FRP(kpa)FuelRail Pres. Relative To Manifold VacuumFRP(PSI)FuelRail Press. Relative To Manifold VacuumFRP(kpa)Fuel Rail PressureEQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S1)EQ_RATB1S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)EQ_RATB1S3Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)EQ_RATB1S4Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)EQ_RATB2S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S2(V) <td< td=""><td>MIL_DIST(mile)</td><td>Distance Travelled While MIL Activated</td></td<>	MIL_DIST(mile)	Distance Travelled While MIL Activated
FRP(PSI)FuelRail Pres. Relative To Manifold VacuumFRP(kpa)Fuel Rail PressureFRP(PSI)Fuel Rail PressureEQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S1)EQ_RATB1S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)EQ_RATB1S3Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B2S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)EQ_RATB2S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)EQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S4)EQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide	FRP(kpa)	FuelRail Pres. Relative To Manifold Vacuum
FRP(kpa)Fuel Rail PressureFRP(PSI)Fuel Rail PressureEQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S1)EQ_RATB1S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)EQ_RATB1S3Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)EQ_RATB1S4Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S4)EQ_RATB2S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide ra	FRP(PSI)	FuelRail Pres. Relative To Manifold Vacuum
FRP(PSI)Fuel Rail PressureEQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S1)EQ_RATB1S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)EQ_RATB1S3Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)EQ_RATB2S3Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S2(V)O2	FRP(kpa)	Fuel Rail Pressure
EQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S1)EQ_RATB1S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)EQ_RATB1S3Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B2S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)EQ_RATB2S3Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)EQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2) <tr <td=""></tr>	FRP(PSI)	Fuel Rail Pressure
O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S1)EQ_RATB1S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)EQ_RATB1S3Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)EQ_RATB1S4Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)EQ_RATB2S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)EQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)	EQ_RATB1S1	Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S1)
EQ_RATB1S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)EQ_RATB1S3Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)EQ_RATB1S4Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)EQ_RATB2S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)EQ_RATB2S3Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S2)EQ_RATB2S3Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)EQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S4)EQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)EQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S4)EQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB1S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB1S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB1S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2) <td>O2B1S1(V)</td> <td>O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S1)</td>	O2B1S1(V)	O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S1)
O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)EQ_RATB1S3Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)EQ_RATB1S4Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)EQ_RATB2S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)EQ_RATB2S3Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)EQ_RATB2S4Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)EQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)	EQ_RATB1S2	Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S2)
EQ_RATB1S3Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S3)O2B1S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)EQ_RATB1S4Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)EQ_RATB2S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB2S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S2)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)EQ_RATB2S3Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)EQ_RATB2S4Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)EQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB1S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB1S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)	O2B1S2(V)	O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)
O2B1S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)EQ_RATB1S4Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)EQ_RATB2S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB2S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S2)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)EQ_RATB2S3Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)EQ_RATB2S4Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)EQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB1S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB1S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)	EQ_RATB1S3	Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S3)
EQ_RATB1S4Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S4)O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)EQ_RATB2S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB2S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S2)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)EQ_RATB2S3Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)EQ_RATB2S4Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)EQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB1S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)	O2B1S3(V)	O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S3)
O2B1S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)EQ_RATB2S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB2S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S2)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)EQ_RATB2S3Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)EQ_RATB2S4Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)EQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB1S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)	EQ_RATB1S4	Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S4)
EQ_RATB2S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B2S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB2S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S2)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)EQ_RATB2S3Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)EQ_RATB2S4Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB1S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)	O2B1S4(V)	O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S4)
O2B2S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB2S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S2)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)EQ_RATB2S3Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)EQ_RATB2S4Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)EQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB1S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)	EQ_RATB2S1	Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)
EQ_RATB2S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S2)O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)EQ_RATB2S3Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)EQ_RATB2S4Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)EQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB1S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB1S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)	O2B2S1(V)	O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)
O2B2S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)EQ_RATB2S3Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)EQ_RATB2S4Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)EQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB1S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB1S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)	EQ_RATB2S2	Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S2)
EQ_RATB2S3Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S3)O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)EQ_RATB2S4Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)EQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB1S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB1S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)	O2B2S2(V)	O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)
O2B2S3(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)EQ_RATB2S4Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)EQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB1S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)	EQ_RATB2S3	Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S3)
EQ_RATB2S4Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S4)O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)EQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB1S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)	O2B2S3(V)	O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S3)
O2B2S4(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)EQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB1S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)	EQ_RATB2S4	Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S4)
EQ_RATB1S1Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB1S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)	O2B2S4(V)	O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S4)
O2B1S1(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)EQ_RATB1S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)	EQ_RATB1S1	Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)
EQ_RATB1S2Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S2)O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)	O2B1S1(V)	O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)
O2B1S2(V)O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)	EQ_RATB1S2	Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S2)
	O2B1S2(V)	O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B1S2)

PID Abbreviation	Full Name	
EQ_RATB2S1	Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)	
O2B2S1(V)	O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S1)	
EQ_RATB2S2	Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S2)	
O2B2S2(V)	O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B2S2)	
EQ_RATB3S1	Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B3S1)	
O2B3S1(V)	O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B3S1)	
EQ_RATB3S2	Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B3S2)	
O2B3S2(V)	O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B3S2)	
EQ_RATB4S1	Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B4S1)	
O2B4S1(V)	O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B4S1)	
EQ_RATB4S2	Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B4S2)	
O2B4S2(V)	O2 Sensor Voltage(wide range O2S)(B4S2)	
EGR_PTC(%)	Commanded EGR	
EGR_ERR(%)	EGR Error	
EVAP_PCT(%)	Commanded Evaporative Purge	
FLI(%)	Fuel Level Input	
WARM_UPS	Number of Warm-ups Since DTC Cleared	
LCR_DIST(km)	Distance Since DTC Cleared	
CLR_DIST(mile)	Distance Since DTC Cleared	
EVAP_VP(Pa)	Evap System Vapor Pressure	
EVAP_VP(inH2O)	Evap System Vapor Pressure	
BARO(kPa)	Barometric Pressure	
BARO(inHg)	Barometric Pressure	
EQ_ART11	Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S1)	
O2S11(mA)	O2 Sensor Current(wide range O2S)(B1S1)	
EQ_RAT12	Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S2)	
O2S12(mA)	O2 Sensor Current(wide range O2S)(B1S2)	
EQ_RAT13	Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S3)	
O2S13(mA)	O2 Sensor Current(wide range O2S)(B1S3)	
EQ_RAT14	Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S4)	
O2S14(mA)	O2 Sensor Current(wide range O2S)(B1S4)	
EQ_RAT21	Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)	

PID Abbreviation	Full Name
O2S21(mA)	O2 Sensor Current(wide range O2S)(B2S1)
EQ_RAT22	Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S2)
O2S22(mA)	O2 Sensor Current(wide range O2S)(B2S2)
EQ_RAT23	Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S3)
O2S23(mA)	O2 Sensor Current(wide range O2S)(B2S3)
EQ_RAT24	Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S4)
O2S24(mA)	O2 Sensor Current(wide range O2S)(B2S4)
EQ_RAT11	Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)
O2S11(mA)	O2 Sensor Current(wide range O2S)(B2S1)
EQ_RAT12	Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B1S2)
O2S12(mA)	O2 Sensor Current(wide range O2S)(B1S2)
EQ_RAT21	Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S1)
O2S21(mA)	O2 Sensor Current(wide range O2S)(B2S1)
EQ_RAT22	Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B2S2)
O2S22(mA)	O2 Sensor Current(wide range O2S)(B2S2)
EQ_RAT31	Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B3S1)
O2S31(mA)	O2 Sensor Current(wide range O2S)(B3S1)
EQ_RAT32	Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B3S2)
O2S321(mA)	O2 Sensor Current(wide range O2S)(B3S2)
EQ_RAT41	Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B4S1)
O2S41(mA)	O2 Sensor Current(wide range O2S)(B4S1)
EQ_RAT42	Equivalence Ratio(wide range O2S)(B4S2)
O2S42(mA)	O2 Sensor Current(wide range O2S)(B4S2)
CATEMP11(°F)	Catalyst Temperature Bank 1 Sensor1
CATEMP11(℃)	Catalyst Temperature Bank 1 Sensor1
CATEMP21(°F)	Catalyst Temperature Bank 2 Sensor1
CATEMP21(℃)	Catalyst Temperature Bank 2 Sensor1
CATEMP12(°F)	Catalyst Temperature Bank 1 Sensor2
CATEMP12(℃)	Catalyst Temperature Bank 1 Sensor2
CATEMP22(°F)	Catalyst Temperature Bank 2 Sensor2
CATEMP22(°C)	Catalyst Temperature Bank 2 Sensor2
VPWR(V)	Control Module Voltage

PID Abbreviation	Full Name
LOAD_ABS(%)	Absolute Load Value
EQ_RAT	Commanded Equivalence Ratio
TP_R(%)	Relative Throttle Position
AAT (°F)	Ambient Air Temperature
AAT(℃)	Ambient Air Temperature
TP_B(%)	Absolute Throttle Position B
TP_C(%)	Absolute Throttle Position C
APP_D(%)	Accelerator Pedal Position D
APP_F(%)	Accelerator Pedal Position E
APP_F(%)	Accelerator Pedal Position F
TAC_PCT(%)	Commanded Throttle Actuator Control
MIL_TIME	Minute run by Engine While MIL activated
CLR_TIME	Time since Diagnostic Trouble Code Clear

9. Appendix 2 - In Use Performance Tracking Data List

Abbreviation	Full Name	Definitions
OBDCOND	OBD Monitoring Conditions Encountered Counts	OBD Monitoring Conditions Encountered Counts displays ESCumber of times that the vehicle has been operated in the specified OBD monitoring conditions (genersl denominator).
IGNCNTR	Ignition Counter	Ignition Counter displays the count of ESCumber of times that the engine has been started.
CATCOMPI	Catalyst Monitor Completion Counts Bank 1	Catalyst Monitor Completion Counts Bank 1 displays ESCumber of times that all conditions necessary to detect a catalyst system bank 1 malfunction have been encountered (numerator)
CATCONDI	Catalyst Monitor Conditions Encountered Counst Bank 1	Catalyst Monitor Conditions Encountered Counts Bank 1 displays ESCumber of times that the vehicle has been operated in the specified catalyst monitoring conditions (denominator).

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CATCOMP2	Catalyst Monitor Completion Counts Bank 2	Catalyst Monitor Completion Counts Bank 2 displays ESCumber of time that all conditions necessary to detect a catalyst system bank 2 malfunction have been encountered (numerator).
CATCOND2	Catalyst Monitor Conditions Encountered Counts Bank 2	Catalyst Monitor Conditions Encountered Counts Bank 2 displays ESCumber of times that the vehicle has been operated in the specified catalyst monitoring conditions (denominator).
O2SCOMP1	O2 Sensor Monitor Completion Counts Bank 1	O2 Sensor Monitor Completion Counts Bank 1 displays ESCumber of time that all conditions necessary to detect an oxygen sensor bank 1 malfunction have been encountered (numerator).
O2SCOND1	O2 Sensor Monitor Conditions Encountered Counts Bank 1	O2 Sensor Monitor Completion Encountered Counts Bank 1 displays ESCumber of times that the vehicle has been operated in the specified oxygen sensor monitoring conditions (denominator).
O2SCOMP2	O2 Sensor Monitor Completion Counts Bank 2	O2 Sensor Monitor Completion Counts Bank 2 displays ESCumber of time that all conditions necessary to detect an oxygen sensor bank 2 malfunction have been encountered (numerator).
O2SCOND2	O2 Sensor Monitor Conditions Encountered Counts Bank 2	O2 Sensor Monitor Completion Encountered Counts Bank 2 displays ESCumber of times that the vehicle has been operated in the specified oxygen sensor monitoring conditions (denominator).
EGRCOMP	EGR Monitor Completion Condition Counts	EGR Monitor Completion Condition Counts displays ESCumber of time that all conditions necessary to detect an EGR system malfunction have been encountered (numerator).

EGRCOND	EGR Monitor Conditions Encountered Counts	EGR Monitor Completion Encountered Counts displays ESCumber of time that the vehicle has been operated in the specified EGR system monitoring conditions (denominator).
AIRCOMP	AIR Monitor Completion Condition Counts (Secondary Air)	AIR Monitor Completion Condition Counts (Secondary Air) displays ESCumber of time that all conditions necessary to detect an AIR system malfunction have been encountered (numerator).
AIRCOND	AIR Monitor Conditions Encountered Counts (Secondary Air)	AIR Monitor Conditions Encountered Counts (Secondary Air) displays ESCumber of time that the vehicle has been operated in the specified AIR system monitoring conditions (denominator).
EVAPCOMP	EVAP Monitor Completion Condition Counts	EVAP Monitor Completion Condition Counts displays ESCumber of time that all conditions necessary to detect a 0.020" EVAP system leak malfunction have been encountered (numerator).
EVAPCOND	EVAP Monitor Conditions Encountered Counts	EVAP Monitor Conditions Encountered Counts displays ESCumber of times that the vehicle has been operated in the specified EVAP system leak malfunction monitor ing conditions (denominator).

10. Service Procedures

If you have any questions, please contact our technical department for assistance.

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